

Sustainable control of roundworms in livestock

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Top health and welfare issues in UK sheep industry



	Meat sheep			
Rank	Mostly outdoor			
1	GI parasites			
2=	Lameness			
2=	Nutritional issues			
4	Mastitis			
5	Ectoparasites			
6	Poor maternal relationship			
7	Morbidity and mortality rate			









Roundworms are everywhere!



Infection affects productivity, carcass quality and ~10% lower value at sale

Infections with multiple worm species common

Subclinical disease common, so difficult to spot



Recent (2020) estimates suggest annual costs to UK meat sheep industry of:

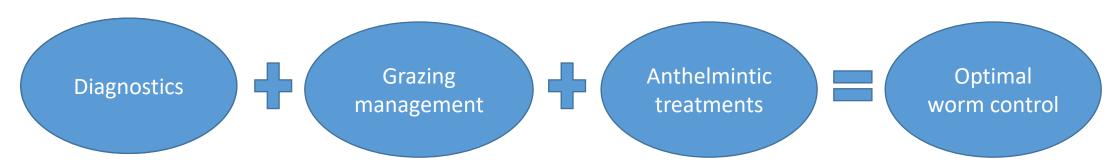
£15 million (€ 16.9 million) in lost production £27.3 million (€ 30.7 million) in treatment Total (£42.4 million/year)





Control of roundworms

- What parasites are present
- Extend of challenge/risk of disease
- Efficacy of anthelmintics



Grazing history
Management history
Clinical signs
Forecasting
Faecal egg counts
Weight gain (EID)

Rotational grazing
Co-grazing
Clean grazing
Late turn out
Early housing

Timing
Correct dose rate
Appropriate storage
Appropriate administration
Effective treatment

Product choice



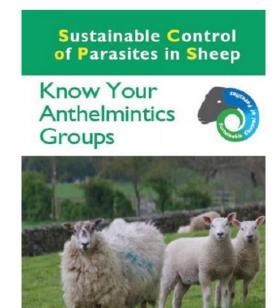
Current control

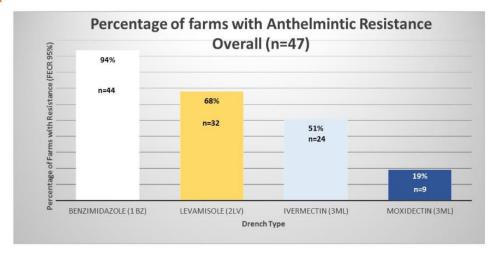
Wormers (anthelmintics) are only curative treatments available

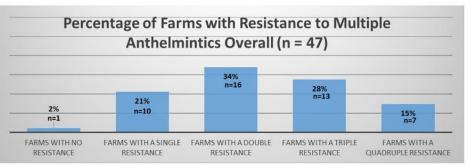
Five classes available:

BUT worms can develop resistance

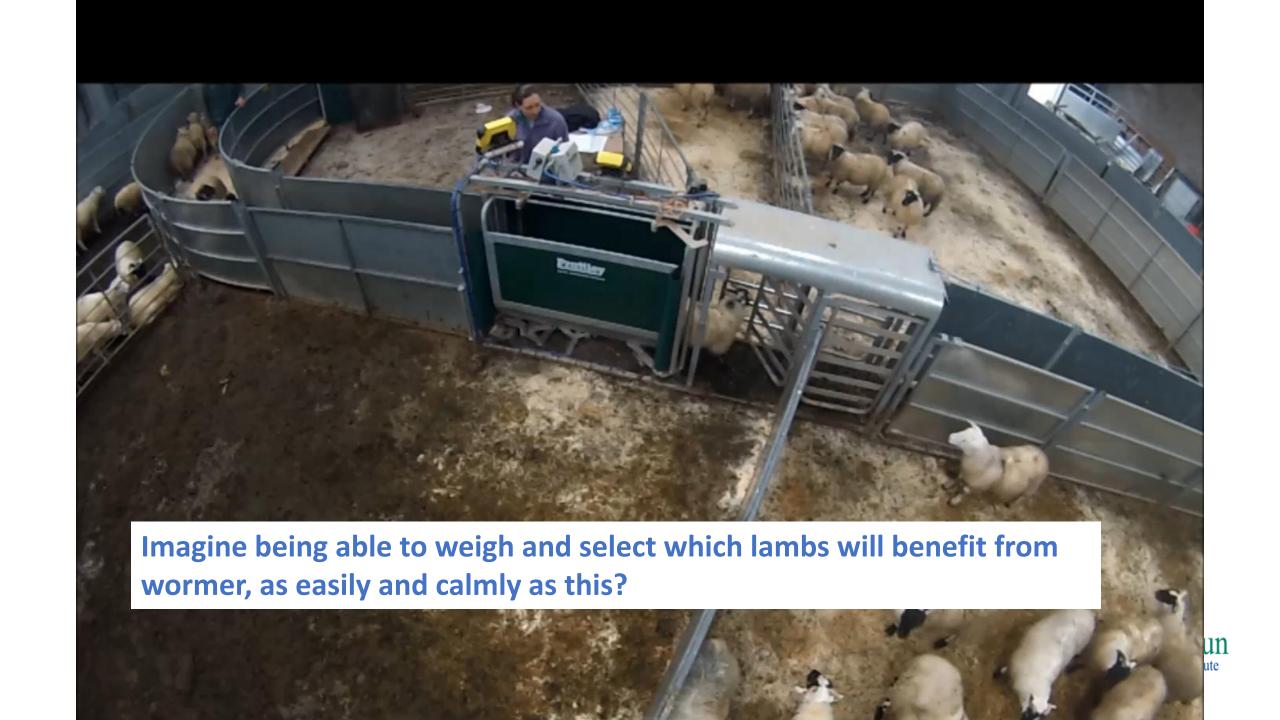
- can lead to treatment failures
- clinical disease
- sub-clinical production loss more common

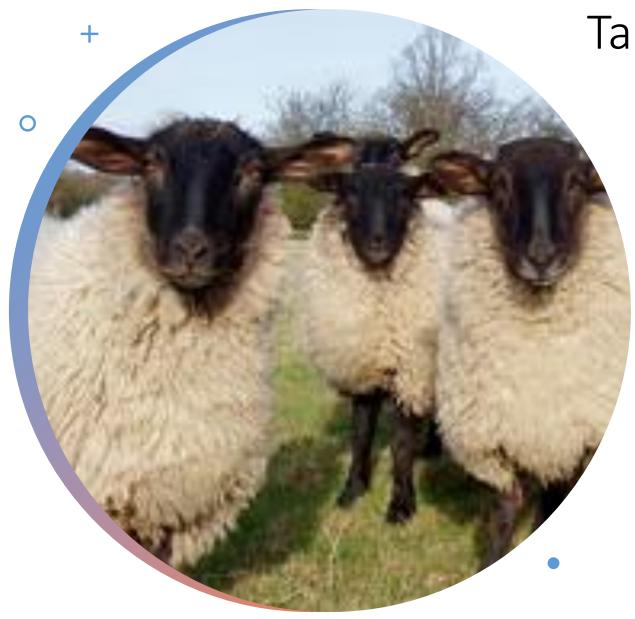












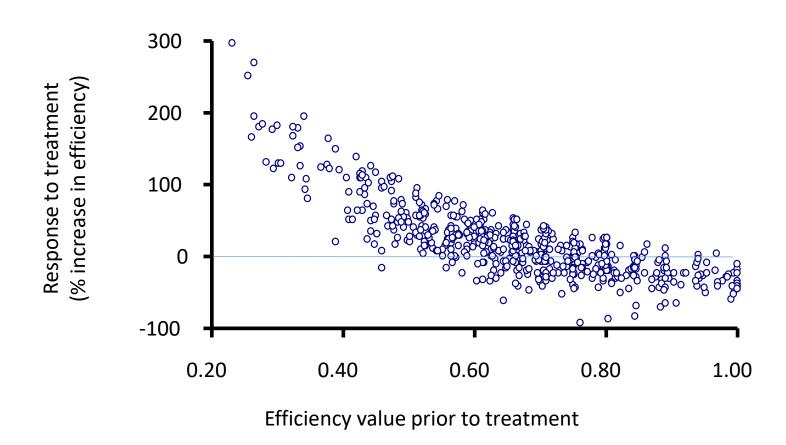
Targeted Selective Treatment (TST)

Roundworm control method where wormer is given to only underperforming lambs

- optimise the amount of wormer used
- reduce the selection pressure on the worms
- rate of wormer resistance is slowed.

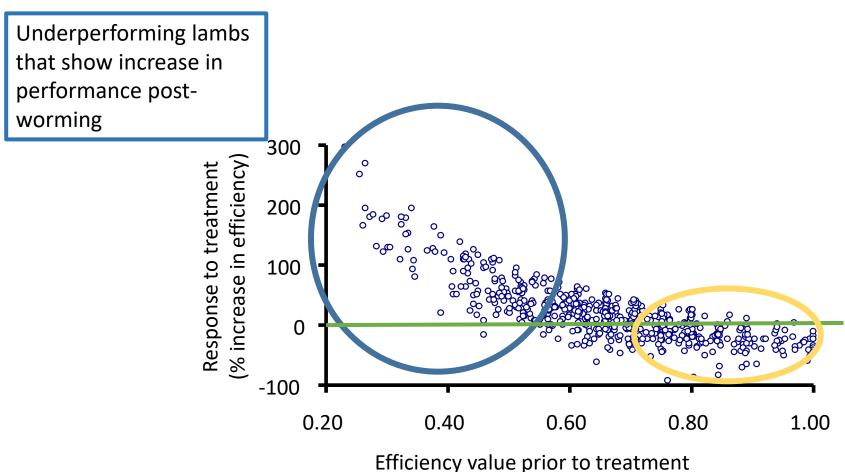
In prime/fat lamb production system,
short-term weight gain
offers simple, quick and effective identification.

Production efficiency in sheep varies within a group; anthelmintic treatment can improve efficiency





We can make wormers work harder for us by focusing treatment on those lambs that will respond to worming with increased efficiency of production



Well-performing lambs that show no increase in performance postworming



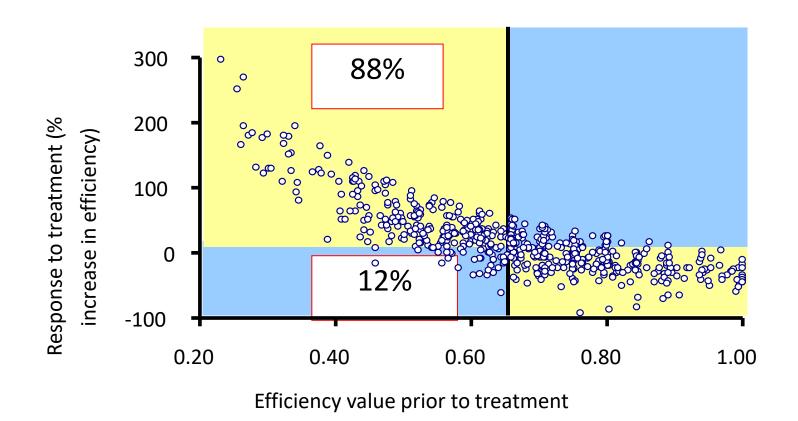


Happy Factor TST short-term weight gain

- Target underperforming animals
- Reduce wormer use by 40-50% compared to other strategies
- Maintain lamb performance
- Slows development of resistance
- Reduce costs and labour
- Successful in a range of farming systems and breeds

The happy factor identifies lambs requiring treatment with 74% sensitivity, 88% specificity

Treatment threshold





TST reduces wormer use, maintains weight gain, slows wormer resistance and lower GHG

Group	Mean No. Treatments	Mean final bodyweight (kg)	Mean IVM efficacy 2010 (95% confidence limits)	Mean GHG emission (kgCO ₂ e/kg LW)	
Monthly	4.0	36.84	62% (55, 68)	2.17	
TST	1.8	36.02	86% (81, 92)	2.22	
Strategic	2.0	35.86	86% (83, 90)	2.27	
Clinical	1.4	33.65*	83% (78, 88)	2.48*	



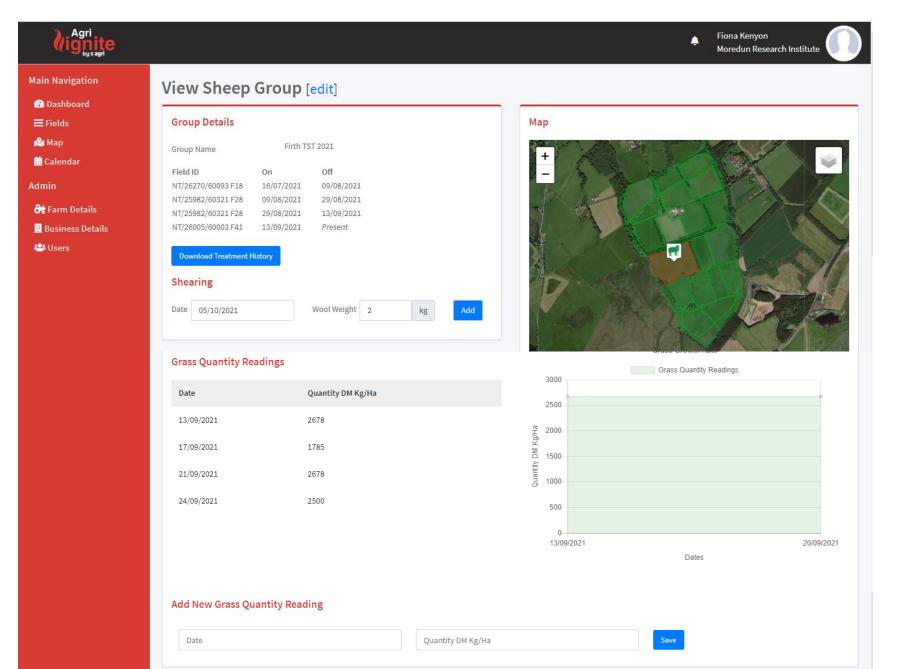
Software development

- Farmers, farm advisors and vets included in design process
- Wanted way to determine minimum weight target automatically

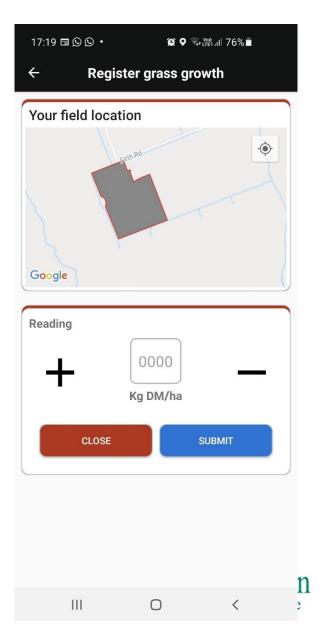
Dashboard to visualise information created

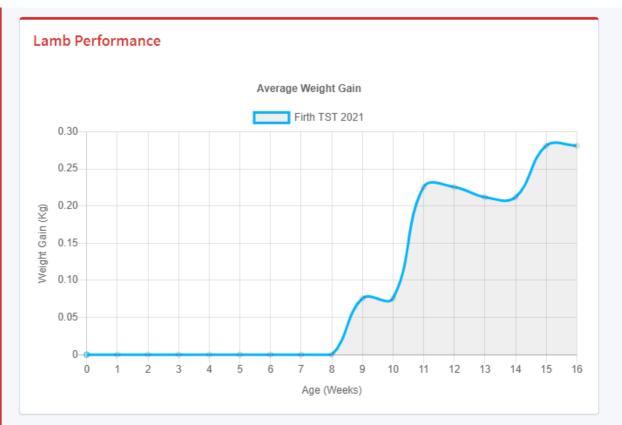


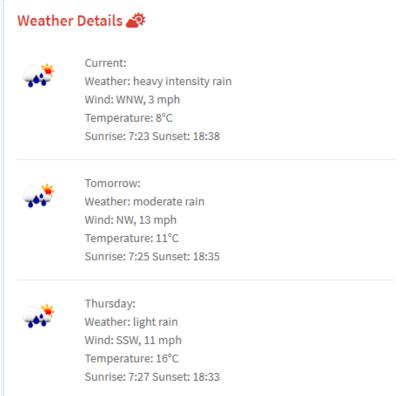
The TST APP Dashboard

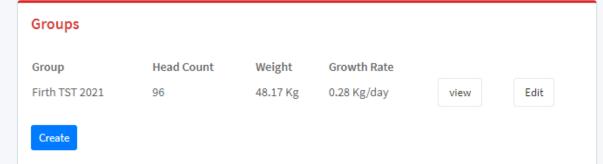


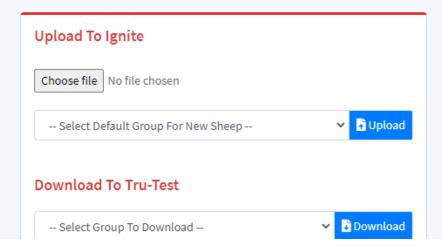
Desktop and phone



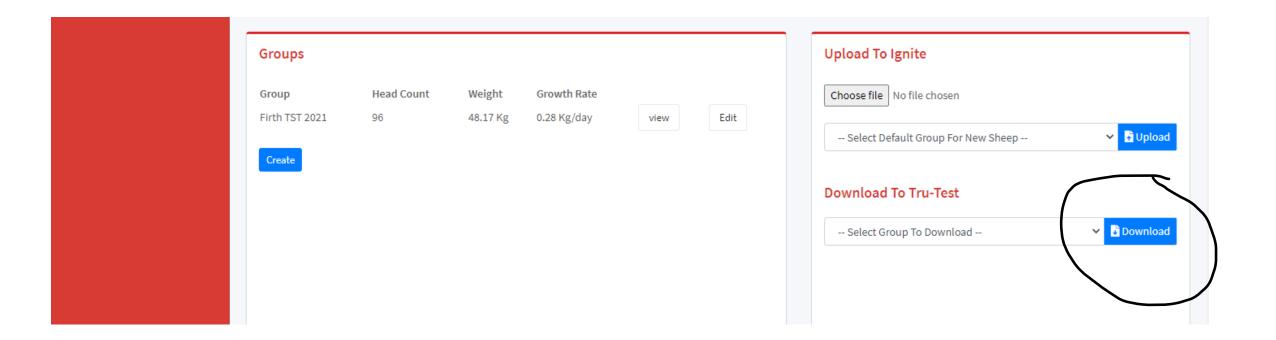








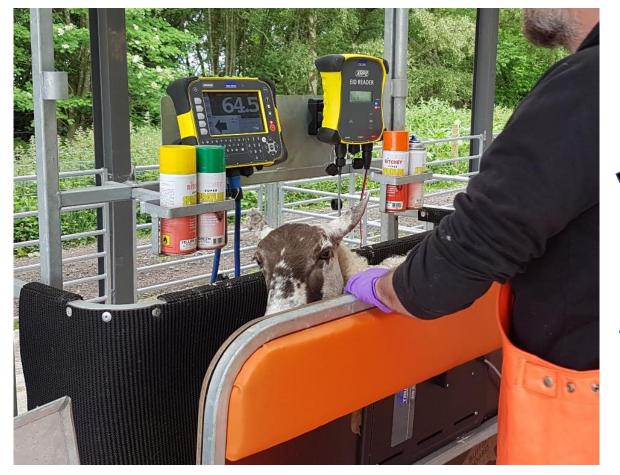
To get minimum target weights...







Weigh lambs and draft against target weight





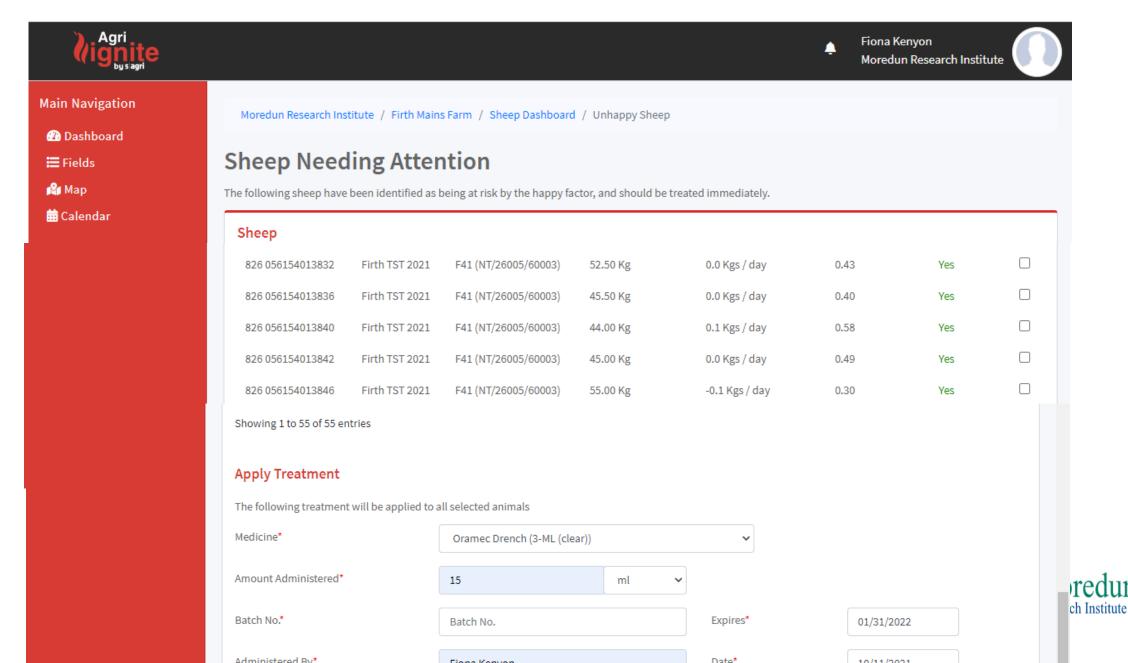
Have reached weight target,
No treatment

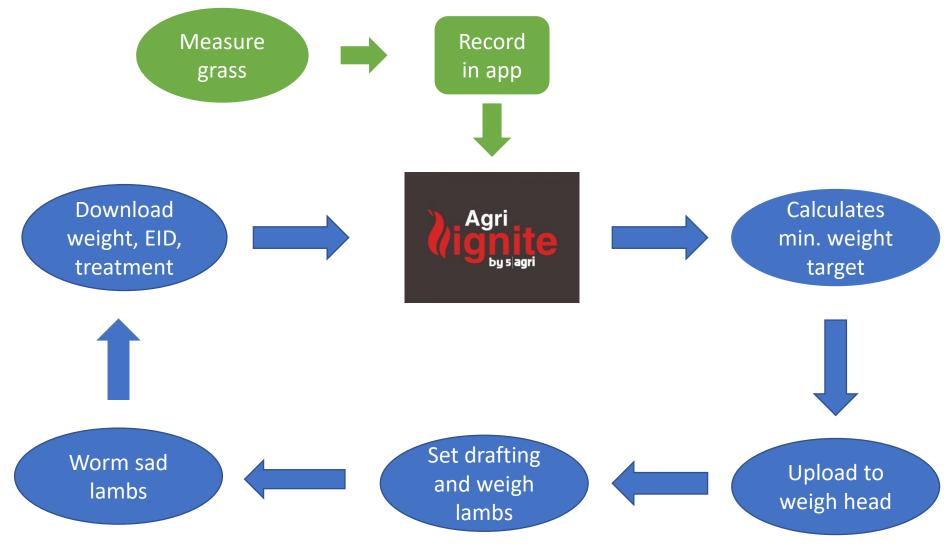


Did not reach weight target,
TREAT



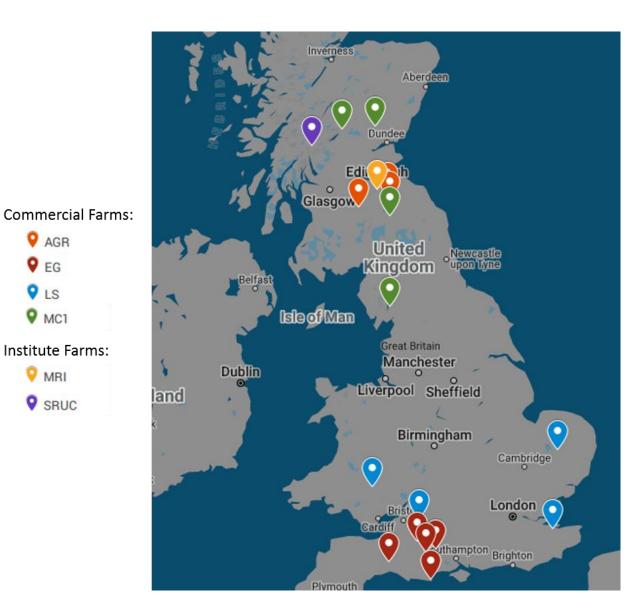
Includes a medicine record











Institute Farms:

MRI

SRUC

On farm validations

System simple to use and gives farmers better understanding of growth rates on farm

- No impact of leaving some lamb untreated,
- Gained confidence in using technology





On farm validations complete

- Plenty of teething problems
- Main issues
 - Connectivity between equipment
 - Data format
 - Lack of familiarity with equipment, both farmers and advisors
- All but one farmers had success in using Agrilgnite



SmartSheep: Precision Parasite Control & Integrating Technology

Youtube Channel Development

- Series of videos developed
- Storyboard but also to stand alone
- Multiple advisors and farms involved
- Freely available to the public

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Smart Sheep











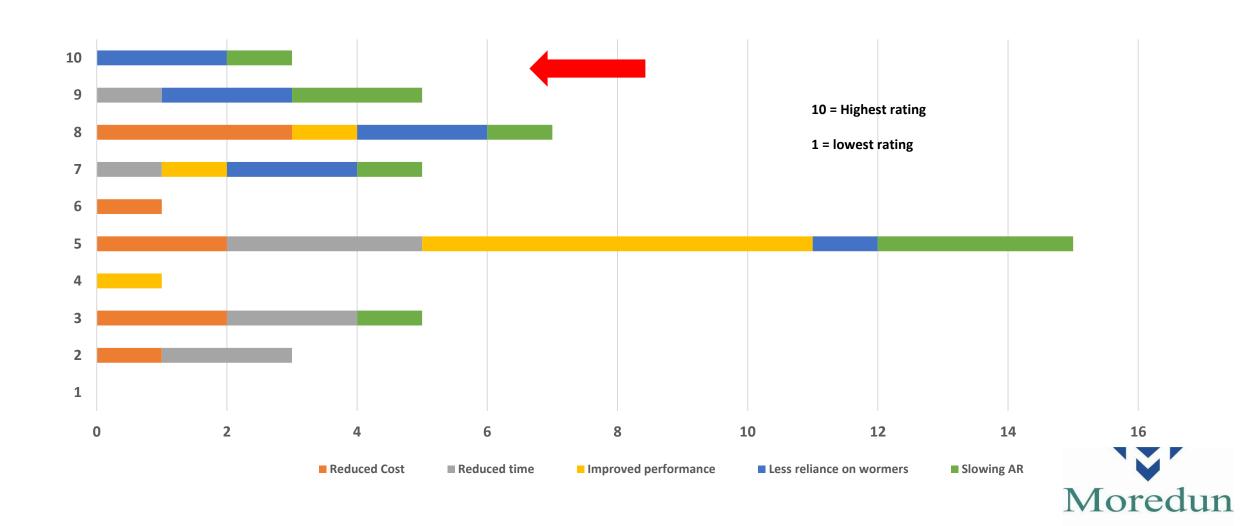


CHANNELS

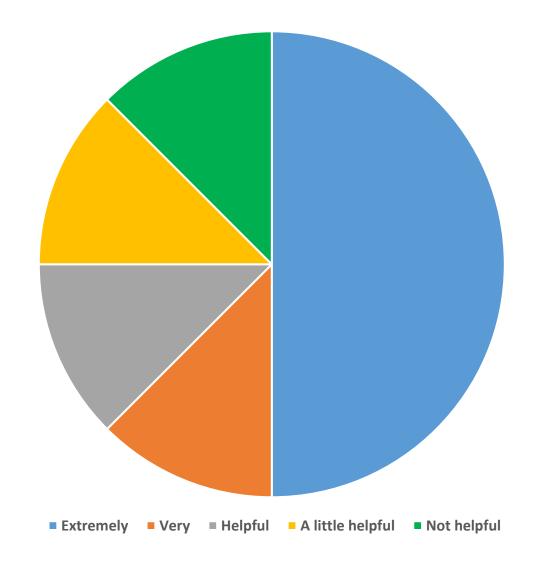




Scoring the benefits of Smart Sheep



How helpful was the project in your general use of PLF?







Measure the weight

gain of some animals





MEASURE to MANAGE
Use EID to **record** individual weights



LOOK at the data



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Ask Questions- Are the animals growing as you would expect? If not, why not?



Check your pasture



Use a **software package** to collate all this data to allow you to make **informed decisions** on any **interventions**



How can we further improve reduction in anthelmintic use?

- Breeding for resistance/tolerance of worm infections
- Improved sward mix
 - including various pasture species with properties such as increased nutrition, anthelmintic effects
- Grazing management



Integrated worm control trial

Traditional Set-stocked

Traditional Rotational

In a sheep only system

What are the production benefits of the various systems? > Expect that Improved sward, rotational will be best

What is the impact of each system on roundworm prevalence and species composition?

Improved sward Set-stocked

Improved sward Rotational

How much wormer is required to maintain acceptable lamb growth? (Use TST to determine wormer need)

What is the longevity of the improved pasture species?





Thanks to.....

5 agri

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Matt Colston



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