



Technology testing on pilot & large-scale farms

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with the contribution of all the partners of the pilot and large-scale farms

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Testing promising innovating technologies on pilot and large-scale farms

Main objectives:

Pilot trials

- **Test** innovative technologies under **operational environments**,
- **Capture variations** of welfare in **different production systems**,
- **Test** the **robustness** of the technology in different climatic conditions and production systems environments.

Large-scale studies

- **Validate the ease of use** of pre-selected technologies and AWE indicators,
- **Collect large datasets** to refine the creation of targeted algorithms,
- Collect users' feedback of use of the innovative technologies and write **guidelines** for future users.



Pilot farms' activities

-  **1. On farm trials**
-  **2. Transportation trials**





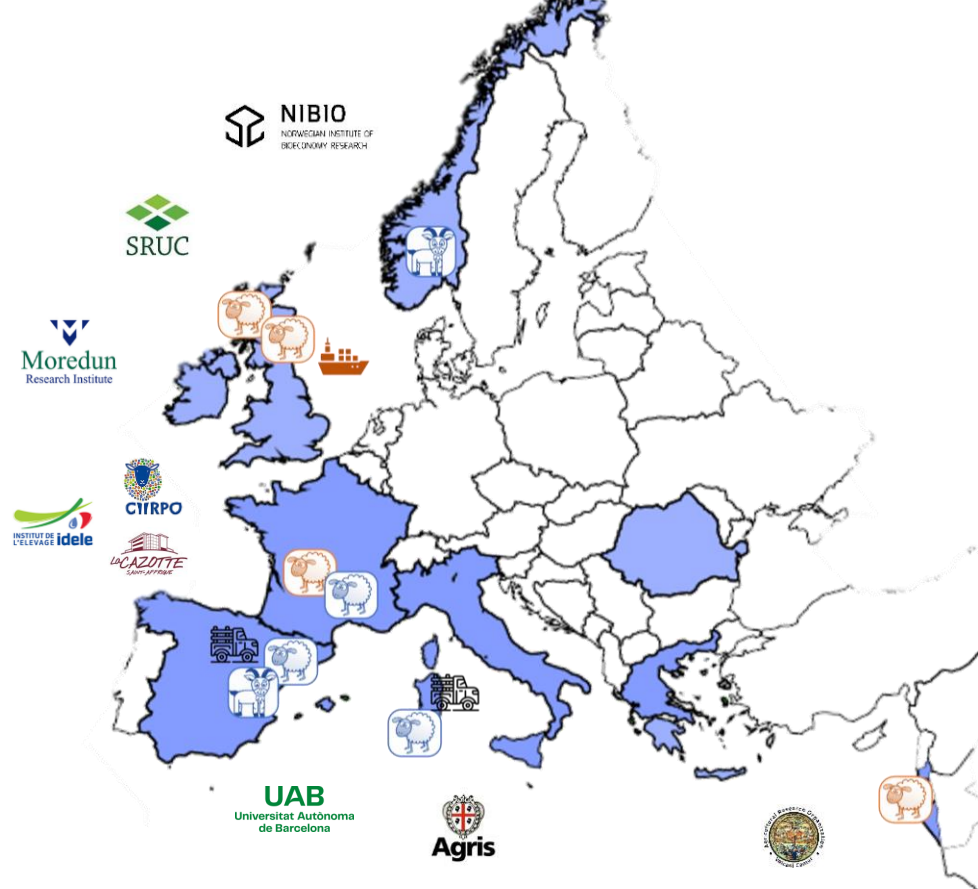
Overview of pilot trials




Key figures (2021 – 2024):

On 8 **experimental farms**
in 6 countries.

During **transportation**,
in **trailer** and **boat**,
in 3 countries.

Covering 3 sectors

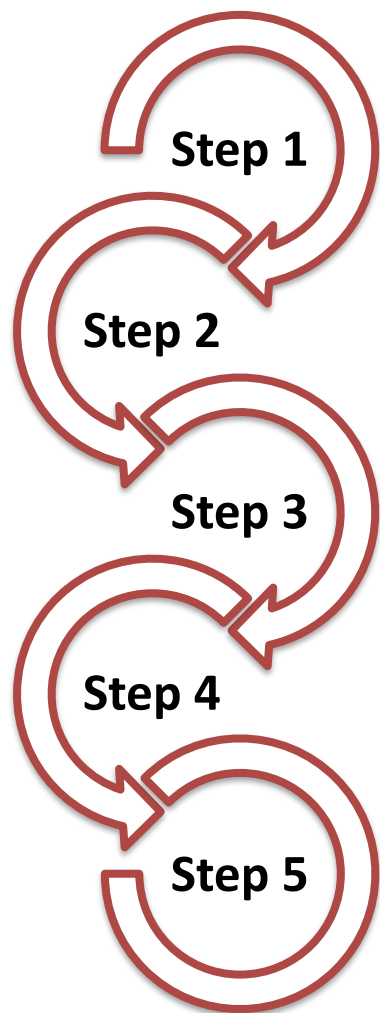


TRIALS		On farm	Transportation
Meat sheep		10	2
Dairy sheep		7	2
Dairy goat		3	1
Total		25 trials	



Overview of pilot trials

Key steps (2021 – 2024):



- Review of pilot **farm facilities** & production systems
- Identification of potential trials

- Selection of **technologies** and animal welfare indicators
- Writing **protocols** and scheduling trials over the years

- Trials **setup**, technologies **installations**, **calibration**
- **Data collection** by sensors and observations

- **Databases cleaning**
- **Analysis**, search for relevant **indicators**

- **Trials repetitions** to increase numbers and **variability**
- **Pre-conclusion** before the large-scale deployment phase










1. On farm trials

Meat sheep

Overview of 10 trials carried out on pilot farms (**meat sheep**)

TechCare

PARTNER	PILOT FARM	TRIAL N° - PERIOD	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> MAIN INDICATORS WELFARE ISSUES (WI) ADDRESSED 	TECHNOLOGIES TESTED
	Kirkton	Trial n°1 – Jan 22 to Mar 22 Trial n°2 – Jan 23 to Feb 23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tracking food resource areas attendance outdoor Lameness and other WI 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bluetooth beacons RFID UHF tags & antennas Weather station EID Weight crate
	Firth Mains	Trial n°1 – May 21 to Oct 21 Trial n°2 – Apr 22 to Oct 22	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifying distinct behaviours outdoor during grazing Parasitism, lameness, mastitis and other WI 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bluetooth beacons RFID UHF tags & antennas Weather station
	Volcani	Trial n°1 – Nov 21 to Feb 22	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monitoring weight and growth indoor Nutritional issues and other WI 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Trough AI: RFID UHF tags & antennas, connected water meter, weight crate Indoor sensors (T°, Hum.)
		Trial n°2 – Dec 22 to Mar 23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monitoring body weight and water trough attendance indoor Pregnancy toxemia, abortions 	
	Ivri farm	Trial n°3 – May 23 to Aug 23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monitoring weight and growth indoor Health issues and in-efficient lambs 	
 	Le Mourier	Trial n°1 – Jan 22 to Mar 22	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monitoring weight and growth indoor Parasitism and other WI 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> EID Weight crate, WoW RFID LF tags & antennas
		Trial n°2 – Jun 22 to Jul 22	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tracking water trough attendance indoor Lameness and other WI 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> RFID UHF tags & antennas Connected water meter
		Trial n°3 – May 23 to Jun 23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monitoring of Temperature, Humidity, CO2 Heat / cold stress 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Indoor sensors (T°, Hum.)



Using RFID UHF tags and antennas to track individual attendance to point of interest

Trial: RFID UHF device (Page Up Co.) at feeding blocks in rangelands



Visual tag for ID
UHF tag on top



Antennas

High energy feed
block (molasses)

UHF suitcase reader
(in waterproof box + power
bank battery & 4G modem)

PAGE UP Co. UHF prototype

- 1 month trial (**winter 2023**)
- 50 **ewes** on ~20 ha rough grazing
- Outdoor/extensive settings (Scotland)
- Focus on **nutritionnal issues and lameness**

• Data collected:

- **Weight & BCS**
- **Welfare assessment (AWIN) scores:** lameness, parasites, fleece cleanliness, dental loss, respiratory issues...
- **UHF data (detections)** from reader system:
 - Only 8 hours/day (battery capacity)
 - Not at week-end (staff)

Using RFID UHF tags and antennas to track individual attendance to point of interest

Trial: RFID UHF device (Page Up Co.) at feeding blocks in rangelands

- Indicator:** count the **number of days** when the ID tag of each ewe was detected near the feeding block.

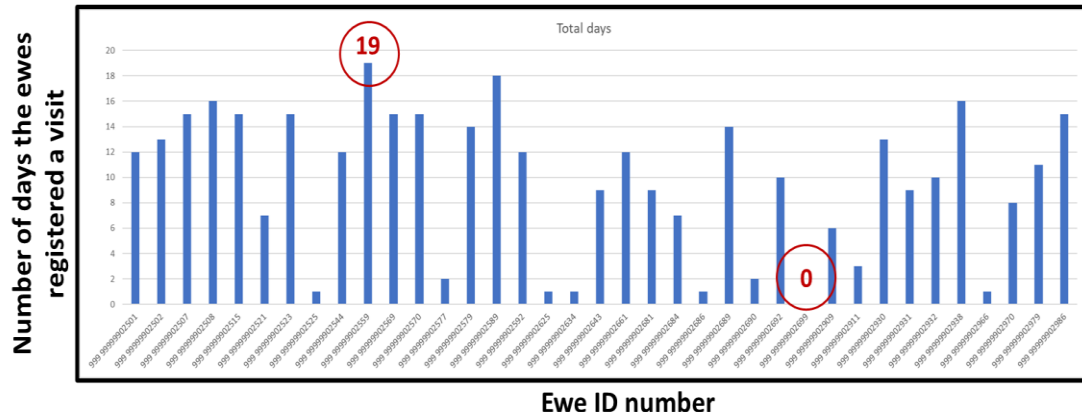
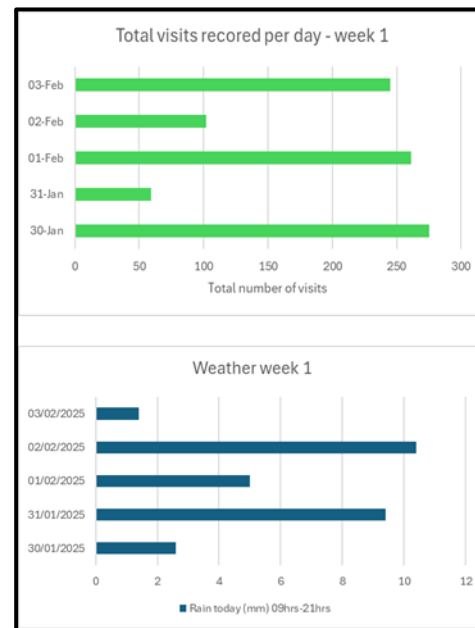


Figure: Total day count per ewe UHF tag detected over the 1-month period



Total ID count per day

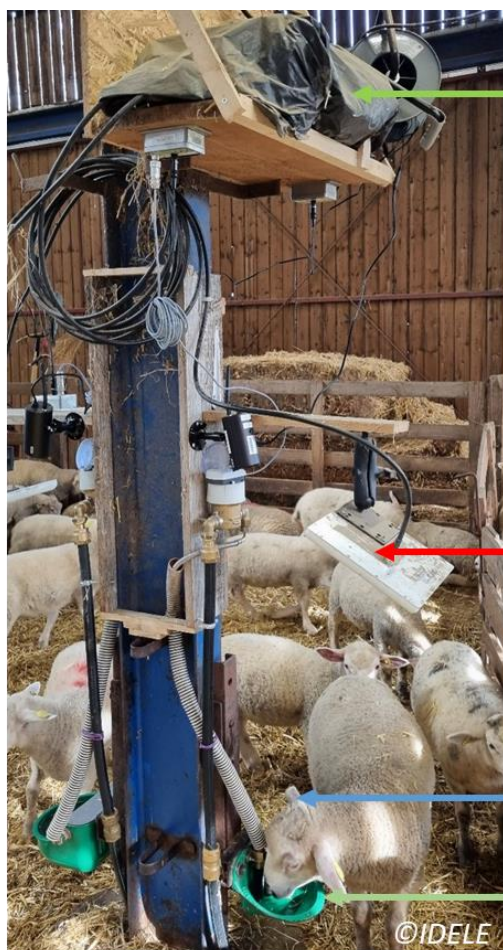
Rainfall



High variability detected between ewes (free to come; complementary feeding)
A non-continuous dataset for an indiv. longitudinal study, but “**rainfall**” reduces visit!
Too few welfare issues during the trial, but we capture indiv. variations.

Using RFID UHF tags and antennas to track individual attendance to point of interest

Trial: RFID UHF device (Page Up Co.) at water trough indoor



UHF suitcase
reader

Antenna

UHF ear tag

Water trough

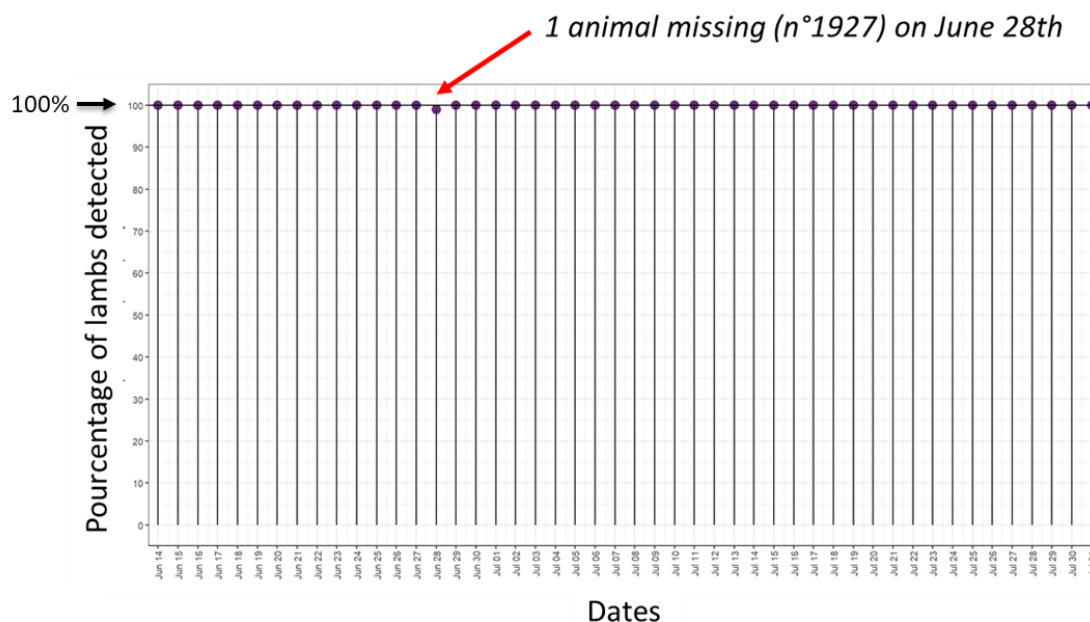
- 1 month trial (**summer 2023**)
- 60 fattening **lambs**
- **Indoor** settings in shed (France)
- Focus on **lameness** and other WI
- Data collected:
 - **Weight**
 - Welfare assessment (AWIN) **scores**: lameness, fleece cleanliness, faecal soiling, respiratory issues, injuries ...
 - **UHF data (detections)** from reader system:
 - Every sec. (24h/24h)
 - 4G, Power supply; Web Platform.

PAGE UP Co. UHF prototype

Using RFID UHF tags and antennas to track individual attendance to point of interest

Trial: RFID UHF device (Page Up Co.) at water trough indoor

- Are all lambs **ID tags detected** around the water trough area every day?
- Indicator: **percentage of animal ID detected** next to the water trough area



Overview of daily ID detections: identify “missing”.

Correct operation of the system and data collection.

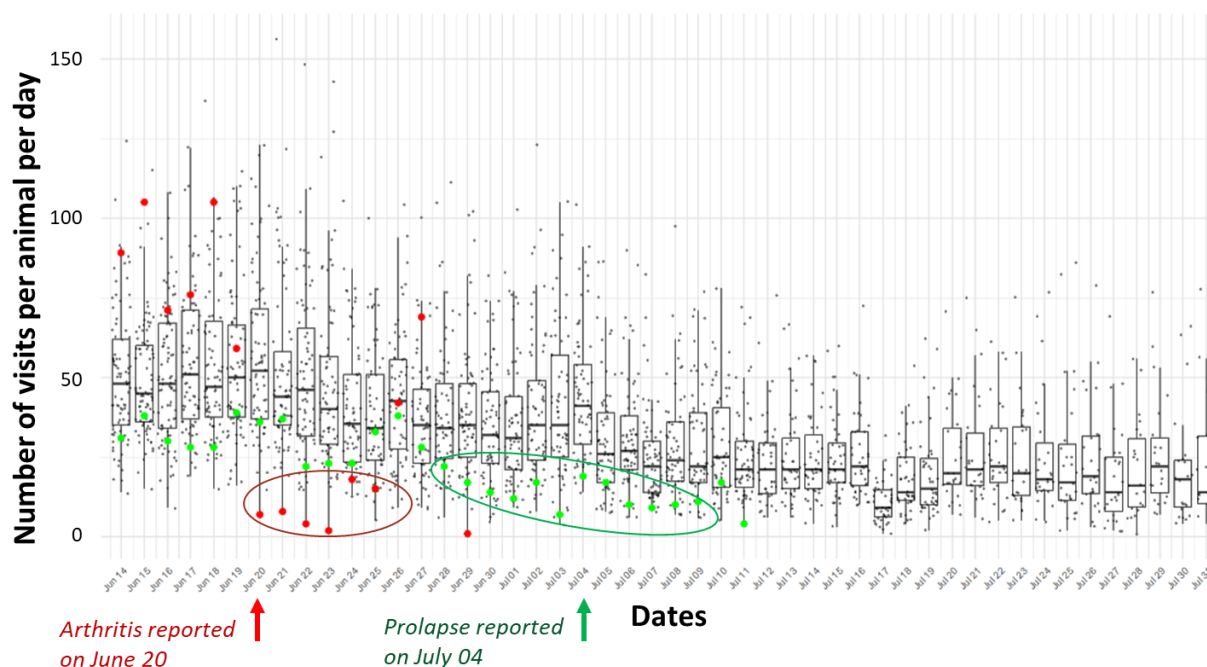
Simple indicator **without visual evolution of the individual area's attendance.**



Using RFID UHF tags and antennas to track individual attendance to point of interest

Trial: RFID UHF device (Page Up Co.) at water trough indoor

- How does individual attendance at the water trough area evolve?
- New indicator: count the total “visit” (filter: 8 sec. < sequence < 120 sec.) per animal et per day



Interesting **variability between individuals** (behavior, patterns)

Filters sufficient to see a clear-cut drop and a downward trend \leftrightarrow Welfare issues

Too few cases of health problems to draw conclusions.



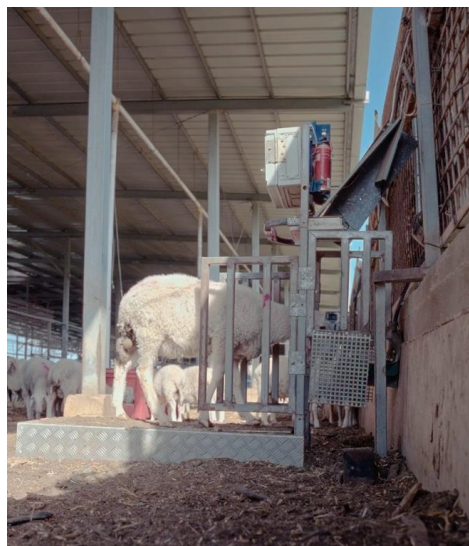
Using RFID UHF tags and antennas to track individual attendance to point of interest

Trial: RFID UHF device (Trough AI) at water trough indoor



Prototype Development combining:

- Real time UHF RFID **detection** at water trough, flowmeter (intake)
- Automated **weighing** monitoring system (2 front legs)



- 4 months trial (**summer** 2023)
- 38 adult **ewes**
- **Indoor** settings in shed (Israel)
- Focus on **lameness, abortions, pregnancy toxaemia and other WI**
- Data collected:
 - **Weight**
 - **Water intake**
 - Welfare assessment scores, health issues
 - **UHF data (detections)** from reader system:
 - Motion sensor (24h/24h)
 - Power supply; Internet, Web Platform.

Updated Mechanical engineering – Assaf Godo, on-farm validation – Joseph Lepar, initial idea – Tzach Glasser,
On-farm impact evaluation – MSc thesis – Alon Bar Shamai; RF electronics – Lavie Rosenfeld and Josef Grinshpon



Using RFID UHF tags and antennas to track individual attendance to point of interest



Trial: RFID UHF device (Trough AI) at water trough indoor

- How does individual attendance at the water trough area evolve? And the weight ?
- Indicators: **individual daily weight, number of “visits”** per day and per animal
- Algorithm developed and dashboard for monitoring



Examples: Pregnancy toxemia

&

Lameness issue



Continuous and **real-time monitoring** of vital **animal parameters** (body weight, growth and access to water resources) – **early detection & alerts** to the farmer.
No quantification indicators of pregnancy toxemia due to a few cases.



Using RFID UHF tags and antennas to track individual attendance to point of interest

Feedbacks from pilot trials using RFID UHF

- RFID UHF high potential for :
 - Tracking several individual attendance to point of interest → Behaviour, patterns
 - Detecting health and welfare issues at an early stage → Proof of concept
 - Integration with other sensors (weight; flowmeters)
- UHF integration into a **combined device with weighing and drinking monitoring** (Trough AI)
- Additional indicators useful to the farmer:
 - Lowering flock mortality by detecting illnesses earlier,
 - Observing flock growth and monitoring animal weight,
 - Monitoring feeding for animals that do not gain weight effectively,
 - Etc.

TROUGH AIPAGE UP
Groupe UBI Solutions

2 promising innovations to be presented tomorrow morning








1. On farm trials

Dairy sheep



Overview of 7 trials carried out on pilot farms (dairy sheep)

TechCare

PARTNER	PILOT FARM	TRIAL N° - PERIOD	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> MAIN INDICATORS WELFARE ISSUES (WI) ADDRESSED 	TECHNOLOGIES TESTED
	Bonassai	Trial n°1 – Apr 22 to Jun 22	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Milk yield at group level Nutritional issues 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected milk tank scales Indoor sensors (T°, Hum.)
		Trial n°2 – May 22 to Jun 22	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individual somatic cell count Mastitis 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Portable somatic cell count
		Trial n°3 – Mar 22 to Jun 22	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individual milk prod., milking order Nutritional issues, mastitis 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individual milk meters RFID LF tags & antennas
		Trial n°4 – Apr 23 to Jun 23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individual milk prod., weight Nutritional issues Temperature, Humidity Heat stress 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> EID Weight crate, WoW Indoor sensors (T°, Hum.) Weather station
	La Cazotte	Trial n°1 – May 22 to Jul 22	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water trough attendance Lameness and other welfare issues 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> RFID UHF tags and antennas Connected water meters
		Trial n°2 – Jan 23 to Jul 23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Milk yield at group level Nutritional issues Temperature, Humidity Heat / cold stress 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected milk tank scales Indoor sensors (T°, Hum., CO2) Weather station
		Trial n°3 – Jan 23 to Jul 23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water trough attendance Lameness and other welfare issues 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> RFID UHF tags and antennas Connected water meter
	Facultat de Veterinària	Trial n°1 – Sept 22	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Milk prod & composition, milking order, Somatic cell count, Bacterial culture. Mastitis 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individual milk meters RFID LF bolus & antennas



Exploring the use of data from experimental flock to detect welfare problems in milking dairy sheep



Flock of Bonassai pilot farm (AGRIS)



- 4 months trial (**spring 2022**)
- 500 **lactating ewes**
- **Indoor/outdoor** settings (Sardinia)
- Focus on **mastitis, nutritional issues** and other WI

Objective of the monitoring

- *To evaluate the possible detection of ewes welfare problems with a large dataset from several technologies.*

Data collected :

- Welfare assessment scores: BCS, dag score, lameness...
- Animal's diet group (pasture access time, forage, supplementation...)

Exploring the use of data from experimental flock to detect welfare problems in milking dairy sheep

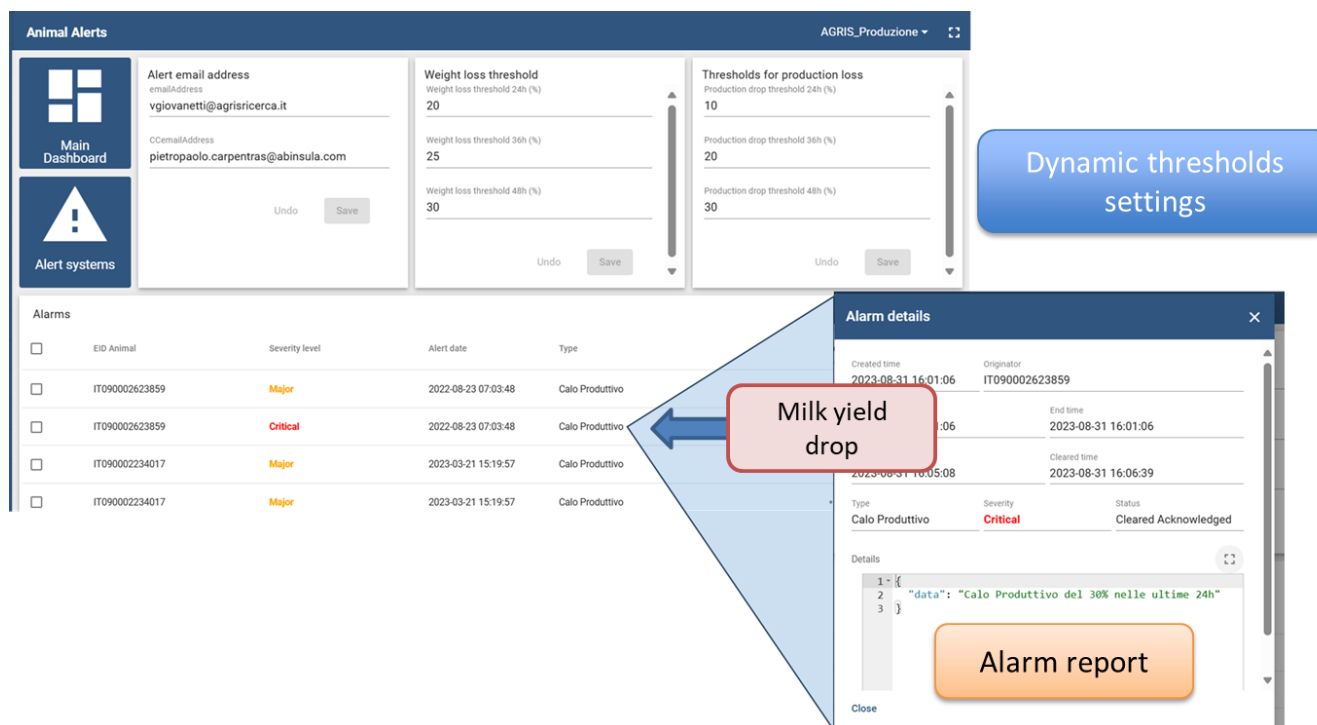


TECHNOLOGIES USED / TESTED	DATA COLLECTED
DeLaval Milk meters MM25 + DelPro software + RFID LF bolus + antennas	Individual daily milk yield (twice/day) Milking order (twice/day)
Weight static scale (Tru-Test – Datamars) + RFID LF bolus + antennas	Live weight (once a month)
Milkoscan and Fossomatic + Portable somatic cell count	Milk analysis (once a month) SCC levels
Milk tank weight scales	Group milk production weight (every day)
Weather station + indoor sensors	T°, Hum., rainfall, wind, THI (every day)



Exploring the use of data from experimental flock to detect welfare problems in milking dairy sheep

- Creation of a **web dashboard** (Abinsula Company) to record, download and combine the data from different technologies.



The screenshot displays the 'Animal Alerts' web dashboard. The top section contains settings for alert email addresses and thresholds for weight loss and production loss. A blue button labeled 'Dynamic thresholds settings' is positioned to the right of the threshold settings. Below the settings is a table of alarms. A red box labeled 'Milk yield drop' points to a specific alarm entry in the table. To the right, an 'Alarm details' window is open, showing the details of the selected alarm, including its severity (Critical) and status (Cleared Acknowledged). An orange button labeled 'Alarm report' is located at the bottom of the details window.

Alarms	EID Animal	Severity level	Alert date	Type
<input type="checkbox"/>	IT090002623859	Major	2022-08-23 07:03:48	Calo Produttivo
<input type="checkbox"/>	IT090002623859	Critical	2022-08-23 07:03:48	Calo Produttivo
<input type="checkbox"/>	IT090002234017	Major	2023-03-21 15:19:57	Calo Produttivo
<input type="checkbox"/>	IT090002234017	Major	2023-03-21 15:19:57	Calo Produttivo

- **Development of alert system** (thresholds ongoing implementation) to give **useful warnings indicators** to the farmer / researcher of **potential animal welfare problems** (indiv / group level).

Exploring the use of data from experimental flock to detect welfare problems in milking dairy sheep



Dataset from AGRIS (Sardinia) sent to ARO (Israel) for **statistical analysis** and **algorithm development**.



- Focus on relationship between **milking order change** and **SCC level**

Findings: **“Predicting somatic cell count in dairy ewes based on milking order”**
(G. Shalit Mishal *et al.*, Submitted to Animal)

A Laboratory for Precision Livestock Farming (PLF), Volcani Institute, Rishon LeZion 7505101, Israel.

B Department of Industrial Engineering and Management, Ben-Gurion University of the Negev, Beer-Sheva 8410501, Israel.

First highlights:

- Changes in the voluntarily entering order to the milking parlour **may serve as an early warning indication of elevated SCC** (subclinical mastitis) levels in Sarda dairy ewes.

Predictive models help optimize resources and improve animal health and welfare management, **while direct measurement is still useful but often more limited in scope and frequency.**



Exploring the link between milking order and udder health in milking dairy sheep

Findings

Highlights from other trial (Spanish dataset): “**Milking order of healthy and subclinically mammary infected dairy ewes in mid lactation**”

A. Recio 1, A. Elhadi 1, A. Salama 1, R. Costa 2, X. Such 1, J. Piedrafita 1 and G. Caja 1.

1 Group of Research in Ruminants, Department of Animal and Food Sciences

2 Servei de Granges i Camps Experimentals

Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, 08193 Bellaterra, Spain

Hypothesis related to milking order:

Healthy ewes come earlier VS sick (mastitis) ewes come **on delay**.

Problem: Mastitis in small ruminants has:

Low prevalence for clinical (<5%)

High prevalence for subclinical (>30%)

Controversial link with SCC (>500·10³ cells/mL?)

→ Intramammary infection needs to be assessed by **bacterial culture**

→ **trial at UAB**



Exploring the link between milking order and udder health in milking dairy sheep

Findings

UAB
Universitat Autònoma
de Barcelona

“Milking order of healthy and subclinically mammary infected dairy ewes in mid lactation” (Recio A. et al., 2024).



- 52 days trial (lact. 2022)
- 112 lactating ewes
- **Indoor** settings (Spain)
- Focus on **mastitis**

TECHNOLOGIES USED	DATA COLLECTED
DeLaval Milk meters MM25 SG + RFID LF bolus + antennas	Individual daily milk yield (twice/day) Milking order (twice/day)
ALLIC Laboratory, Spain	Milk composition analysis + SCC (once a month)
Bacterial culture (blood-agar/oven)	Bacterial identification (week+1 when SCC $>500 \cdot 10^3$ cells)



Exploring the link between milking order and udder health in milking dairy sheep

Findings

“Milking order of healthy and subclinically mammary infected dairy ewes in mid lactation” (Recio A. et al., 2024).

→ *Detailed materials, methods and results available online on TechCare website:*
https://techcare-project.eu/wp-content/uploads/2024/09/Recio_et al_2024_eaap75_milking-order-sheep_oral_s65.pdf

Some conclusions of this trial:

Is milking order feasible as EWS for mastitis in dairy ewes?

- 1) With this dataset, SCC has not enough sensitivity for subclinically infected sheep udders
- 2) Milking order:
 - Does not discriminate subclinically intramammary infection ewes.
 - Depends on BW, breed milkability and parity.
 - Last entering ewes have worst udder health.
- 3) **Other indicators** should be explored as mastitis EWS.




*There is still
interesting work
for researchers!*
😊



1. On farm trials

Dairy goat

Overview of 3 trials carried out on pilot farms (dairy goat)

PARTNER	PILOT FARM	TRIAL N° - PERIOD	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> MAIN INDICATORS WELFARE ISSUES (WI) ADDRESSED 	TECHNOLOGIES TESTED
 NIBIO	Meløya	Trial n°1 – Jun 22 to Sep 22	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Milking order Mastitis, lameness and other welfare issues Daily milk yield, weather conditions Mastitis, lameness and other welfare issues Distance walked Lameness 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> RFID LF tags and antennas RFID UHF tags and antennas
	Meløya	Trial n°2 – Jul 23 to Sep 23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Milking order Mastitis, lameness and other welfare issues Distance walked Lameness 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individual milk meters Weather station GPS, Bluetooth eartags
	Storsteigen	Trial n°3 – Feb 23 to Apr 23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Milking order Mastitis, lameness and other welfare issues 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> RFID LF tags and antennas RFID UHF tags and antennas Individual milk meters Indoor sensors (T°, Hum.)



Exploring the use of different technologies to capture variations in outdoor dairy goat system



- 4 months trial (**summer 2023**)
- 28 Norwegian **dairy goat**
- **Outdoor/mountain** settings (Norway)
- Focus on **mastitis, lameness** and other WI

Objective

- *To test monitoring of:*
 - *milking order*
 - *order on way/return to pasture*

Data collected :

- Welfare assessment scores: Udder score, lameness, mastitis, injuries, ...

Exploring the use of different technologies to capture variations in outdoor dairy goat system



Weather station: SEBA Hydrometri

Milkmeter (individual): GEA

Tech tested in mountain / outdoor facilities



*RFID LF:
Biocontrol*

*RFID UHF:
Page Up*

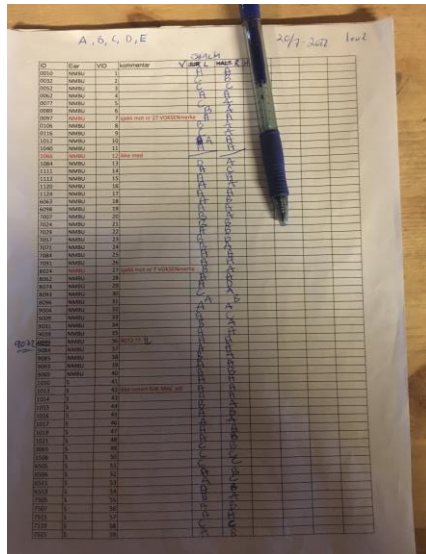


GPS collars and 'bluetooth eartag': RealtimeID

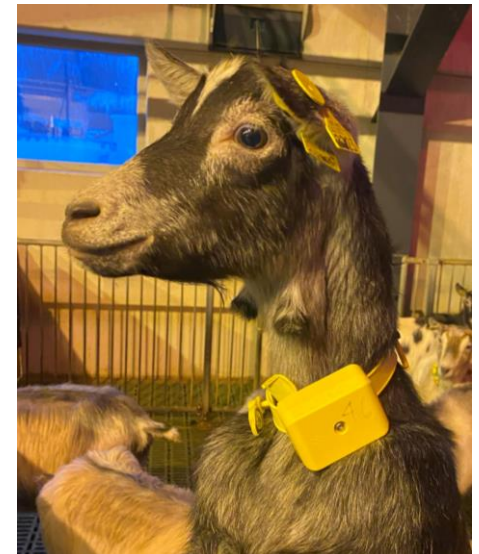
Exploring the use of different technologies to capture variations in outdoor dairy goat system

Indoor challenges:

- **Welfare assessment variability:**
Few cases (lameness, mastitis...) → no data analysis possible
- **Goats eat almost everything !!**
Ear tags and beacons **chewed**, unusable → need for protected and adapted technology for small ruminants



ID	Sex	Age	Name
0001	Female	1	...
0002	Female	1	...
0003	Female	1	...
0004	Female	1	...
0005	Female	1	...
0006	Female	1	...
0007	Female	1	...
0008	Female	1	...
0009	Female	1	...
0010	Female	1	...
0011	Female	1	...
0012	Female	1	...
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0090	Female	1	...
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0092	Female	1	...
0093	Female	1	...
0094	Female	1	...
0095	Female	1	...
0096	Female	1	...
0097	Female	1	...
0098	Female	1	...
0099	Female	1	...
0100	Female	1	...



Exploring the use of different technologies to capture variations in outdoor dairy goat system

Outdoor challenges:

- Trials with GPS collars associated with accelerometers & BLE eartag (RealTime ID):



Technology prematurity: promising technology but poor data collection and quality.

GPS-tracking data for calculations of '**distance walked**': This would need very frequent data to detect differences between dairy goats as **they graze in a flock** and thus has similar distance walked on a rough scale.

More R&D is needed on tech product "eartag with accelerometer" and "bluetooth communication" to consider it useful for Early Warning System.

Exploring the use of different technologies to capture variations in outdoor dairy goat system

Outdoor challenges for setting up technologies

Difficulties in adjusting the **reading quality** in this installation for RFID UHF outdoor



Date	Reader	Antenna	Animal	Read count	RSSI Min	RSSI Average	RSSI Max	RSSI Instantaneous
22.02.2023 05:39	AE3F22-A220	2	99 999 999 903 808	2	-68	-68	-68	-68
22.02.2023 05:39	AE3F22-A220	2	99 999 999 903 805	2	-68.5	-68.5	-68.5	-68.5
22.02.2023 05:39	AE3F22-A220	1	99 999 999 903 818	12	-66.5	-66.5	-66.5	-66.5
22.02.2023 05:50	AE3F22-A220	2	99 999 999 903 815	26	-66.5	-66.5	-66.5	-66.5
22.02.2023 05:50	AE3F22-A220	2	99 999 999 903 815	24	-67	-67	-67	-67
22.02.2023 05:51	AE3F22-A220	2	99 999 999 903 833	8	-66	-66	-66	-66
22.02.2023 07:37	AE3F22-A220	1	99 999 999 903 841	2	-71	-71	-71	-71
22.02.2023 07:37	AE3F22-A220	1	99 999 999 903 878	8	-68	-68	-68	-68
22.02.2023 07:37	AE3F22-A220	1	99 999 999 903 868	2	-69	-69	-69	-69

→ missing readings and data

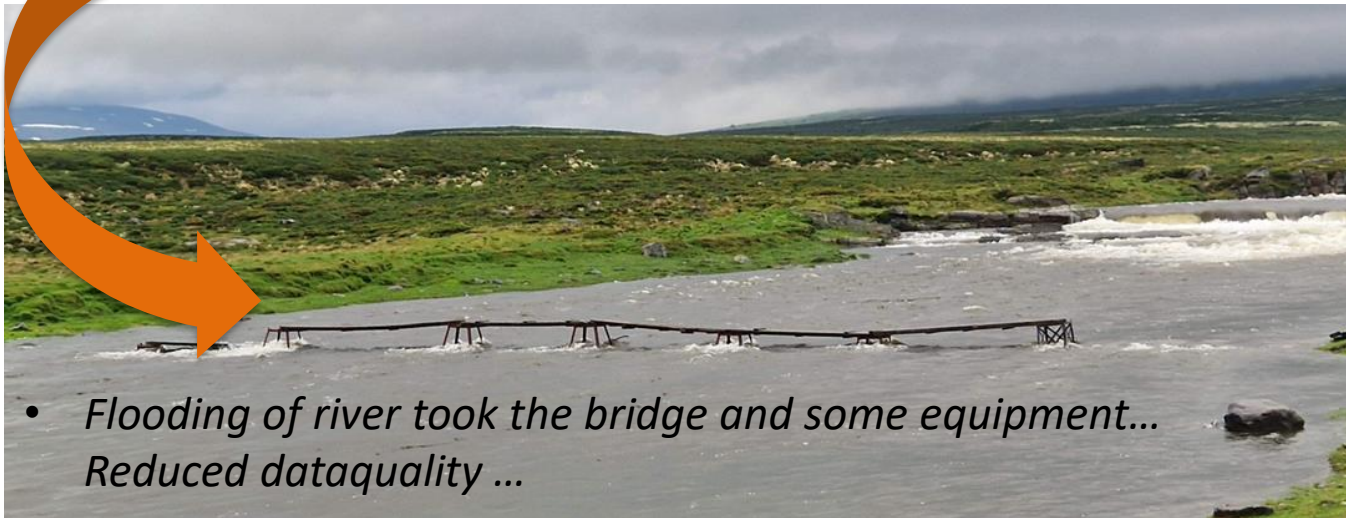
Exploring the use of different technologies to capture variations in outdoor dairy goat system

Outdoor conditions are always challenging for the use of technology!

Extreme weather conditions (climate change?) during trials



- Changing grazing routine for goats



- *Flooding of river took the bridge and some equipment...
Reduced dataquality ...*



- Broken bridge

Take home messages from the on-farm pilot trials

- ✓ **Promising technologies** tested in various sectors and environmental conditions: small ruminants challenges!
- ✓ **Innovative approaches** to capture **variation** between individuals
- ✓ Often **too few welfare cases** to draw final conclusions, but **interesting and promising trends!**
- ✓ Studies to be continued to **further investigate the potential of technologies with data / indicators**
- ✓ Trials which allowed us to select **3 main case studies to collect large dataset during large-scale studies:**
 - ✓ *Weight crate & RFID LF*
 - ✓ *Individual milk meters & RFID LF*
 - ✓ *Indoor sensor & weather station*



We're counting on you!

Many thanks to all the great colleagues involved in these challenging trials across Europe!



TechCare projet – 07/07/2022 France. IDELE

